White Rose Maths Hub Schemes of Learning 2.0





Welcome

Welcome to the White Rose Maths Hub's new, more detailed schemes of learning for 2017-18.

We have listened to all the feedback over the last 2 years and as a result of this, we have made some changes to our primary schemes. They are bigger, bolder and more detailed than before.

The new schemes still have the **same look and feel** as the old ones, but we have tried to provide more detailed guidance. We have worked with enthusiastic and passionate teachers from up and down the country, who are experts in their particular year group, to bring you additional guidance. These schemes have been written for teachers, by teachers.

We are proud to be one of the 35 Maths Hubs around the country that have been established to improve maths outcomes for everyone. We all believe that every child can succeed in mathematics. Thank you to everyone who has contributed to the work of the hub. It is only with your help that we can make a difference.

We hope that you find the new schemes of learning helpful. As always, if you or your school want support with any aspect of teaching maths, we encourage you to contact your local hub.

If you have any feedback on any part of our work, do not hesitate to get in touch. Follow us on Twitter and Facebook to keep up-to-date with all our latest announcements.

White Rose Maths Hub Team #MathsEveryoneCan

White Rose Maths Hub Contact Details

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What's New?

This release of our schemes includes

- New overviews, with subtle changes being made to the timings and the order of topics.
- New small steps progression. These show our blocks broken down into smaller steps.
- Small steps guidance. For each small step we provide some brief guidance to help teachers understand the key discussion and teaching points. This guidance has been written for teachers, by teachers.
- A more integrated approach to fluency, reasoning and problem solving.
- Answers to all the problems in our new scheme.
- This year there will also be updated assessments.
- We are also working with Diagnostic Questions to provide questions for every single objective of the National Curriculum.



Meet the Team

The schemes have been put together by a wide group of passionate and enthusiastic classroom practitioners. The development of the schemes has been led by the following people who work across Trinity MAT.







Caroline Hamilton









Special Thanks

The WRMH Team would like to say a huge thank you to the following people who came from all over the country to contribute their ideas and experience. We could not have done it without you.

Year 2 Team

Year 3 Team

Becky Stanley

Chris Gordon Beth Prottey Rachel Wademan Emma Hawkins Scott Smith Valda Varadinek-Skelton Chloe Hall Faye Hirst Charlotte James Joanne Stuart Michelle Cornwell

Nicola Butler Laura Collis Richard Miller Claire Bennett Chris Conway

Year 4 Team

Terrie Litherland Susanne White Hannah Kirkman Daniel Ballard Isobel Gabanski Laura Stubbs



Year 5 Team

Lynne Armstrong Laura Heath Clare Bolton Helen Eddie Chris Dunn Rebecca Gascoigne

Year 6 Team

Lindsay Coates Kayleigh Parkes Shahir Khan Sarah Howlett Emma Lucas





How to use the Small Steps

As a hub, we were regularly asked how it is possible to spend so long on particular blocks of content and National Curriculum objectives. We know that breaking the curriculum down into small manageable steps should help children understand concepts better. Too often, we have noticed that teachers will try and cover too many concepts at once and this can lead to cognitive overload. In our opinion, it is better to follow a small steps approach.

As a result, for each block of content we have provided a "Small Step" breakdown. *We recommend that the steps are taught separately* and would encourage teachers to spend more time on particular steps if they feel it is necessary. Flexibility has been built into the scheme to allow this to happen.

Teaching Notes

Alongside the small steps breakdown, we have provided teachers with some brief notes and guidance to help enhance their teaching of the topic. The "Mathematical Talk" section provides questions to encourage mathematical thinking and reasoning, to dig deeper into concepts.

We have also continued to provide guidance on what varied fluency, reasoning and problem solving should look like



FEACHING SCHOOL ALLIANCE

Assessments

Alongside these overviews, our aim is to provide an assessment for each term's plan. Each assessment will be made up of two parts:

Part 1: Fluency based arithmetic practice Part 2: Reasoning and problem solving based questions

Teachers can use these assessments to determine gaps in children's knowledge and use them to plan support and intervention strategies.

The assessments have been designed with new KS1 and KS2 SATs in mind. New assessments will be released over the course of next year.

For each assessment we will aim to provide a summary spreadsheet so that schools can analyse their own data. We hope to work with Mathematics Mastery to allow schools to make comparisons against other schools. Keep a look out for information next year.



Teaching for Mastery

These overviews are designed to support a mastery approach to teaching and learning and have been designed to support the aims and objectives of the new National Curriculum.

The overviews:

- have number at their heart. A large proportion of time is spent reinforcing number to build competency
- ensure teachers stay in the required key stage and support the ideal of depth before breadth.
- ensure students have the opportunity to stay together as they work through the schemes as a whole group
- provide plenty of opportunities to build reasoning and problem solving elements into the curriculum.

For more guidance on teaching for mastery, visit the NCETM website

https://www.ncetm.org.uk/resources/47230

Concrete – Pictorial - Abstract

As a hub, we believe that all children, when introduced to a new concept, should have the opportunity to build competency by taking this approach.

Concrete – children should have the opportunity to use concrete objects and manipulatives to help them understand what they are doing.

Pictorial – alongside this children should use pictorial representations. These representations can then be used to help reason and solve problems.

Abstract – both concrete and pictorial representations should support children's understanding of abstract methods.

We have produced a CPD unit for teachers in schools;

https://www.tes.com/teaching-resource/theimportance-of-concrete-professional-development-11476476



Additional Materials

In addition to our schemes and assessments we have a range of other materials that you may find useful.

KS1 and KS2 Problem Solving Questions

For the last two years, we have provided a range of KS1 and KS2 problem solving questions in the run up to SATs. There are over 150 questions on a variety of different topics and year groups.



Other schemes of learning

As well as having schemes for Y1-Y6 we developed a range of other schemes of learning

- Schemes for reception
- Mixed aged schemes
- Year 7 9 schemes for secondary

Calculation policy/guidance

We also have our calculation policy for the four operations. This can be found on our TES page.





Our Partnerships

tes

www.tes.com



Over the last 12 months we have developed a partnership with tes. Working with Mathematics Mastery we have created a detailed breakdown of the National Curriculum. Watch this space for exciting developments.

https://www.tes.com/teaching-resources/teaching-formastery-in-primary-maths





Diagnostic Questions www.diagnosticquestions.co.uk



From September 2017, we have written two sets of questions for every National Curriculum objective from Y1 to Y6. These are hosted free of charge on @mrbartonmaths Diagnostic Questions website.



Training

The White Rose Maths Hub regularly delivers free training in the local area as part of the Work Groups it runs. Our regular newsletter details this training.

As well as free training, Trinity Teaching School Alliance offers paid for training to schools regionally, nationally and occasionally internationally. Over the last year we have delivered training to over 150 schools and have had over 1,000 people attend our face to face training.

As part of our 'Jigsaw' package we offer the following twilight courses:

- CPA
- Bar Modelling
- Reasoning and Problem Solving
- Mathematical Talk and Questioning
- Variation and Depth

If you would like any more information about our courses then email the team at <u>mathshub@trinitytsa.co.uk</u>

License Partners

We also work with a growing number of Teaching Schools around the country to deliver our training. All of our providers have been specially selected and they are as passionate about improving maths education as we are. All our providers offer our twilight bar modelling training course. If you want to see who your local provider is or would like to become a license partner then visit <u>http://whiterosemathshub.co.uk/licencees/</u>



Bar Modelling Deeper Learning Event



FAQs

We have bought one of the new textbook schemes, can we still use these curriculum plans?

Many schools are starting to make use of mastery textbooks used in places like Singapore and China. The schemes have been designed to work alongside these textbooks. We recommend that you follow the textbook order and use our materials for additional support and guidance.

If we spend so much time on number work, how can we cover the rest of the curriculum?

Children who have an excellent grasp of number make better mathematicians. Spending longer on mastering key topics will build a child's confidence and help secure understanding. This should mean that less time will need to be spent on other topics.

In addition, schools that have been using these schemes already have used other subjects and topic time to teach and consolidate other areas of the mathematics curriculum.

Do you recommend a particular textbook to use?

Unfortunately the hub is unable to recommend a particular textbook. We do however recommend that schools and teachers do their research and speak to schools who have already invested.

Should I teach one small step per lesson?

Each small step should be seen as a separate concept that needs teaching. You may find that you need to spend more time on particular concepts. Flexibility has been built into the curriculum model to allow this to happen. This may involve spending more than one lesson on a small step, depending on your class' understanding.

Will you be providing grade boundaries for your assessments?

No, we will not be releasing guidance on grade boundaries. We suggest the assessments are used to find out what children can and cannot do, which will help inform future planning.



FAQs continued ...

How do I use the fluency, reasoning and problem solving questions?

The questions are designed to be used by the teacher to help them understand the key teaching points that need to be covered. They should be used as inspiration and ideas to help teachers plan carefully structured lessons.

What is same day intervention?

A growing number of schools are doing different types of same day intervention. Some schools are splitting a lesson into two parts and other schools are working with small groups of students at other times during the day. The common goal is to keep up, rather than catch up.

Where is the textbook breakdown from Surrey Hub?

Unfortunately this is no longer available.

How do I reinforce what children already know if I don't teach the topic again?

The scheme has been designed to give sufficient time for teachers to explore concepts in depth, rather than covering it superficially and then coming back to it several times.

We understand though that schools will rightly want to ensure that students revisit concepts and ensure fluency in number.

The schemes interleave prior content in new concepts. For example when children look at measurement we recommend that there are lots of questions that practice the four operations and fractions. This helps children make links between topics and understand them more deeply.

We also recommend that schools look to reinforce number fluency throughout the year. This could be done as mental and oral starters or in additional maths time during the day.



School to School Support

In addition to our training we also have access to some SLEs who (through the Teaching School) can help support individual schools with improving their maths teaching.

To find out more details or the costs of any of our training, please contact one of the Operations and Communications team at the hub <u>mathshub@trinitytsa.co.uk</u>

#MathsEveryoneCan

At the White Rose Maths Hub we believe that everyone can succeed in Maths. We encourage anyone who uses our schemes to share in this belief and do all that they can to convince the children they teach that this is the case.

Release Dates

June 2017

• First part of Autumn term schemes July 2017

- Second part of Autumn term schemes
- Mixed-age plans for Autumn

August 2017

- Diagnostic Questions for Autumn November 2017
 - New Autumn assessments

December 2017

- Spring schemes
- Diagnostic Questions for Spring
 February 2018
 - New Spring assessments

March 2018

- Summer schemes
- Summer Diagnostic Questions

May 2018

• New Summer assessments



Year 3 – Yearly Overview

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Autumn	Number – Place Value Number – Addition and Subtraction						tion	Number – Multiplication and Division			Consolidation	
Spring	Numbe a	er - Multip nd Divisic	lication on	Measurement: Money	Stati	stics	Measurement: length and perimeter			Number - Fractions		Consolidation
Summer	Num	ber – frac	tions	Measurement: Time			Geom Propei Sha	etry – ties of pes	Mo Mas	easureme s and Cap	nt: acity	Consolidation



Year 3 – Autumn Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
<u>Number – Place</u> Identify, repres using different	e Value sent and estimate representations	e numbers	Number – Add Add and subtr ones; a three-	dition and Subtra act numbers me digit number and	n <u>tally</u> , including: ntally, including: d tens; a three di	a three-digit nur git number and h	<u>Number – Multiplication and Division</u> <u>Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8,</u> 50 and 100				
Find 10 or 100 number	more or less tha	n a given	Add and subtr methods of co	act numbers wit Ilumnar addition	h up to three dig and subtraction	its, using formal	Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables.				
Recognise the p three-digit num	place value of ea nber (hundreds, 1	ch digit in a tens, ones).	Estimate the a answers.	inswer to a calcu	llation and use in	verse operations	Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit				
Compare and o	order numbers up	o to 1000	Solve problem place value, ar	ns, including miss nd more complex	sing number prot x addition and su	olems, using num Ibtraction.	numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods.				
Read and write numerals and i	e numbers up to : n words.	1000 in						Solve problems, involving multip	, including missin plication and divis	g number prob sion, including p	lems, positive
Solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas.								integer scaling p which <i>n</i> objects	problems and con are connected to	respondence p o <i>m</i> objectives.	roblems in
<u>Count from 0 in</u>	<u>n multiples of</u> 4,	8, <u>50 and 100</u>									



Year 3 – Spring Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Number – multiplication and division Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables. Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods. Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which <i>n</i> objects are connected to <i>m</i> objectives.			<u>Measuremen</u> <u>t – money</u> Add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts.	Statistics Interpret and p using bar chart and tables. Solve one-step questions [for e many more?' a fewer?'] using presented in so charts and pict tables.	and two-step example, 'How nd 'How many information caled bar ograms and	<u>Measurement</u> - <u>Measure, comp</u> <u>(m/cm/mm);</u> n (I/mI). Measure the pe	<u>pare, add and peri</u> pare, add and su nass (kg/g); volur erimeter of simp	imeter btract: lengths me/capacity le 2D shapes.	Number – fract Count up and o recognise that from dividing a 10 equal parts one-digit numb quantities by 1 Recognise and numbers: unit non-unit fractio denominators. Recognise, find fractions of a d objects: unit fr non-unit fractio denominators. Solve problems all of the above	cions lown in tenths; tenths arise n object into and in dividing pers or 0 use fractions as fractions and ons with small and write iscrete set of actions and ons with small s that involve e.	Time at the beginning or end of the term for consolidation, gap filling, seasonal activities, assessments, etc.



Year 3 – Summer Term

Week 1 Week 2 Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Number – fractionsRecognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators.Compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators.Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$]Solve problems that involve all of the above.	Measurement – Tell and write th including using and 12-hour an Estimate and re accuracy to the Record and com minutes and ho Use vocabulary morning, aftern Know the numb the number of o leap year. Compare durati calculate the tin tasks].	<u>- time</u> ne time from an a Roman numerals d 24-hour clocks. ad time with incl nearest minute. npare time in terr urs. such as o'clock, a oon, noon and n per of seconds in days in each mon ons of events [fo ne taken by part	analogue clock, s from I to XII reasing ms of seconds, a.m./p.m., hidnight. a minute and hth, year and or example to icular events or	Geometry – pro shape Recognise angle of shape or a de turn. Identify right and that two right and that two right and half-turn, three quarters of a tu complete turn; whether angles than or less that Identify horizon lines and pairs of perpendicular and lines. Draw 2-D shape D shapes using materials. Recognise 3-D so different orient describe them.	es as a property escription of a ngles, recognise angles make a e make three urn and four a identify s are greater an a right angle. Intal and vertical of and parallel es and make 3- modelling shapes in tations and	Measurement Measure, con lengths (m/cm volume/capad	t – mass and capa npare, add and s n/mm) <u>; mass (kg</u> city (I/ml).	acity ubtract: /g);	Time at the beginning or end of the term for consolidation, gap filling, seasonal activities, assessments, etc.

